# What is Known about the Spirituality in Older Adults Living in Residential Care Facilities? An Integrative Review

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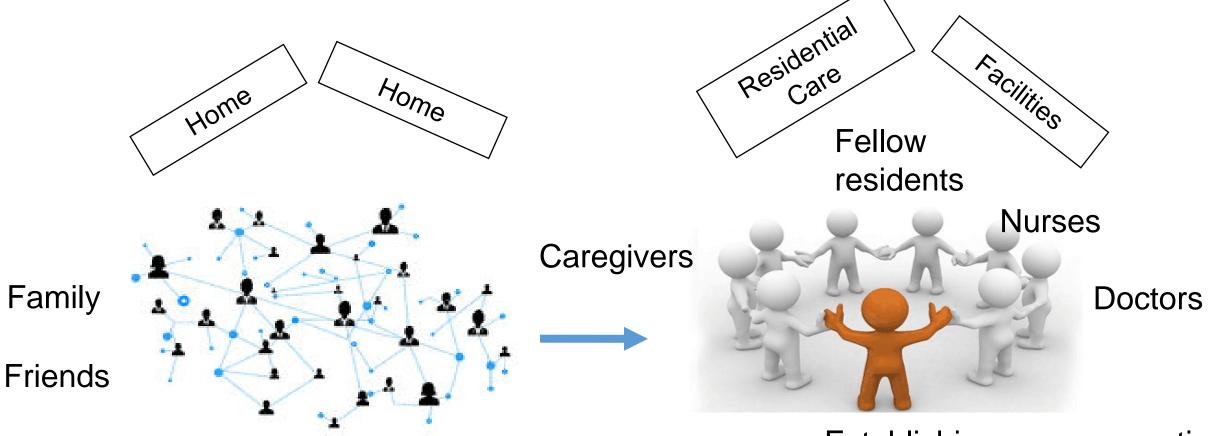
# **Background**

Internationally, the transition to Residential Care Facilities

(RCF) has been reported as one of the most stressful life

events for older adults (Sun et al., 2021).

# Moving to RCF



Caregivers

Relatives Society

Familiar environment

Establishing new connections Finding new purpose in life Adjusting to the new environment

# **Background**

- Transition to RCF can be emotionally challenging to older adults and has the potential to negatively impact on their **spirituality**.
- Spirituality is a very important aspect of aging (Can Oz et al., 2021).

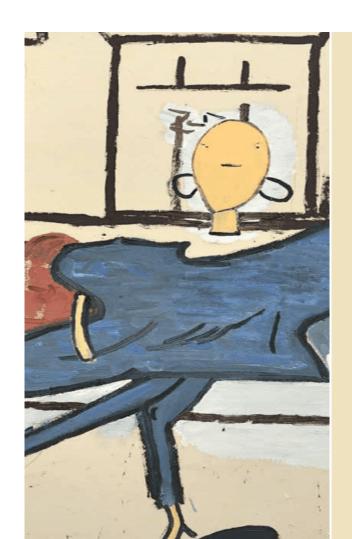
# Conceptualization of Spirituality

- A transcendental phenomenon of **interconnectedness** with self, others and higher being/s.
- Process of finding meaning, purpose and value in life (Gautam et al., 2022).

### Conceptualization of Spirituality

• Two components, namely interconnectedness and search for meaning in life are central to most definitions of spirituality (Sena et al., 2022).

# Recommendation of International Guidelines





WORLD

REPORT

**AGEING** 

**HEALTH** 

ON

AND

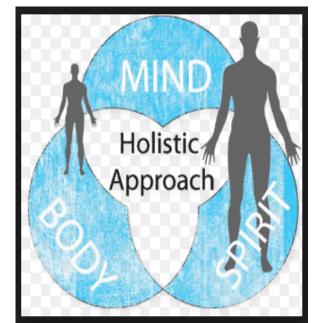




**New Zealand** 

# Health of Older People Strategy 2016

2015



(Ministry of Health, 2016; WHO, 2015)

# Recommendation of International Guidelines

#### The World Health Organization Quality of Life (WHOQOL)

#### Authors:

World Health Organization

The World Health Organization

Quality of Life

WHOQOL

#### Publication details

Languages: English

#### Downloads

- WHOQOL-HIV Full Instrument
- WHOQOL-HIV BREF
- WHOQOL-HIV User manual
- WHOQOL-SRPB Instrument
- WHOQOL-SRPB Users Manual Scoring and Coding







IMPROVING THE QUALITY AND SAFETY OF HEALTHCARE FOR EVERY PATIENT ACROSS THE GLOBE

Emphasized the importance of addressing spiritual needs

# Background

Meaningful Ageing Australia recommends that nurses and caregivers working in RCF should "recognize and respond to spiritual needs of residents, provide spiritual support and consultation as required."

9

## **Background**

• Despite of these international guidelines, **little is known** about the components of **spiritual needs and spiritual care** in RCF from the perspective of older adults, nurses or caregivers.

## **Objective**

To synthesize evidence regarding the spiritual needs and care
of older adults living in RCF from the perspectives of older
adults and nurses or caregivers.

# Methodology

- This integrative review utilised the Whittemore and Knafl framework and PRISMA in the selection of eligible articles.
- Quality of the articles was evaluated using the Mixed Method Appraisal Tool (MMAT).

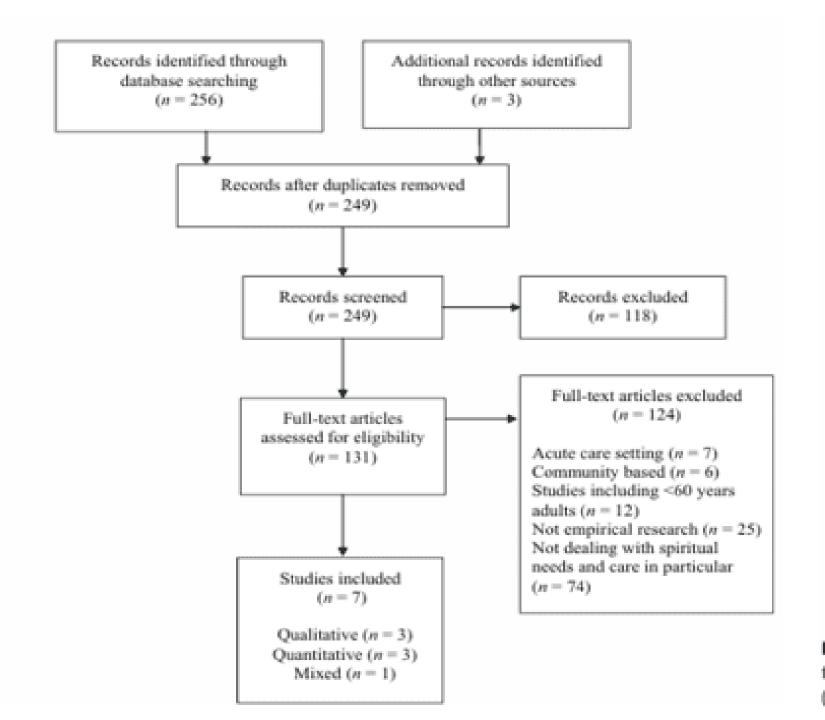


FIGURE 1 Preferred reporting items for systematic reviews and meta-analyses (PRISMA) flowchart

• There is a consensus that spiritual needs of older adults in RCF have **four interconnected dimensions**; namely connection, peace, meaning/purpose, and transcendence.

- Connection denotes the social need of being loved, having relationships, and opportunities for interactions.
- Peace signifies the emotional need of internal peace and having an aim for future.

- Meaning/purpose means the existential need of having a meaningful life and a sense of self-fulfilment.
- Finally, the need for **transcendence** implies a need to maintain connections with higher being/s.

 Spiritual care in RCF is linked to compassionate care, religious guidance, maintaining family connections, providing companionship, discussing end of life issues, and providing counseling.

- Spiritual needs are among older adults' essential needs whether they are in their own community, a hospital or RCF.
- Maintaining spirituality can be challenging for those who are institutionalized.

Besides the need for connection and purposeful living, spiritual
 needs of residents are different when compared to community
 dwelling older adults.

• The need for protection, autonomy, privacy, reminiscence, and giving are **unique** to older adults living in RCF.

 Fulfilment of residents' spiritual needs is very important to increase their acceptance of the institutional life, develop belongingness to the institution and to help them find meaning in life.

- Nurses and caregivers can make a significant difference in the life of older adults by providing spiritual care in a variety of ways.
- Older adults highly value the role of nurses and caregivers in fulfilling their spiritual needs and providing spiritual care.

 However, nurses' and older adults' views on spiritual care differed.

 Nurses focused more on the psychological components of spiritual needs such as the need for identity, value acknowledgement, worth, and personal legacy rather than religious, existential and social dimensions.

#### Limitations

- Did not include grey or theoretical literature.
- The inclusion of samples from different settings in the reviewed articles made it difficult to synthesize some of the results.

Maintaining spirituality in residents should be the prime focus
of nurses and caregivers working in RCF since it has been
directly linked to the overall wellbeing of older adults.

However, current research is constrained by the lack of
integration of the concepts: spiritual needs and care in RCF,
which limits our understanding of how older adults maintain
their spirituality in RCF.

 Addressing the topic through the perspective of either service provider or service recipient may overlook some practical aspects of maintaining spirituality in RCF.

 As a result, research involving opinions of both older adults and nurses or caregivers is required to ensure the effective delivery of spiritual care to older adults living in RCF.

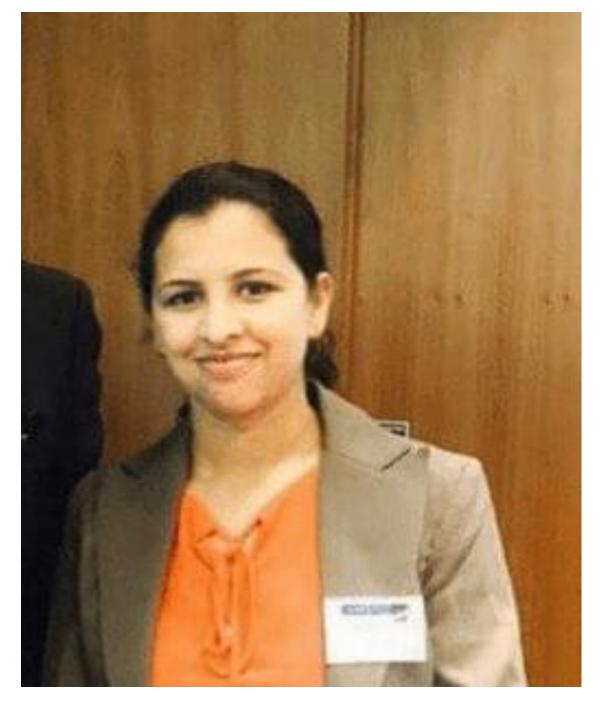
# Takeaway Message

 Use holistic approach while caring for older adults living in RCF

- Think beyond the physical needs of older adults
- Assess spiritual needs of older adults and provide spiritual care in RCF



# Thank You for Your Patience and Precious Time!



Dr. Sital Gautam holds a PhD from Auckland
University of Technology, Auckland, New
Zealand, and is an AUT Vice Chancellor's
Doctoral Scholarship awardee.

Her areas of expertise include medicalsurgical nursing, research, and gerontology, mainly psychological and social vulnerabilities related to aging.