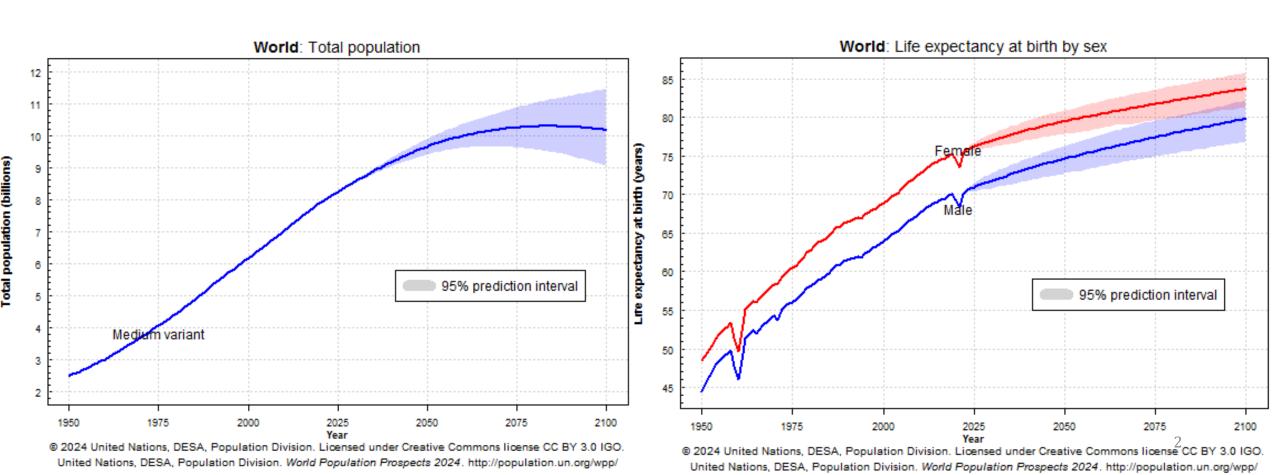
The Silent Crisis: Unpacking Public Health Issues for Older Adult in Nepal



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Background



Background



Older adults Aged ≥60 years



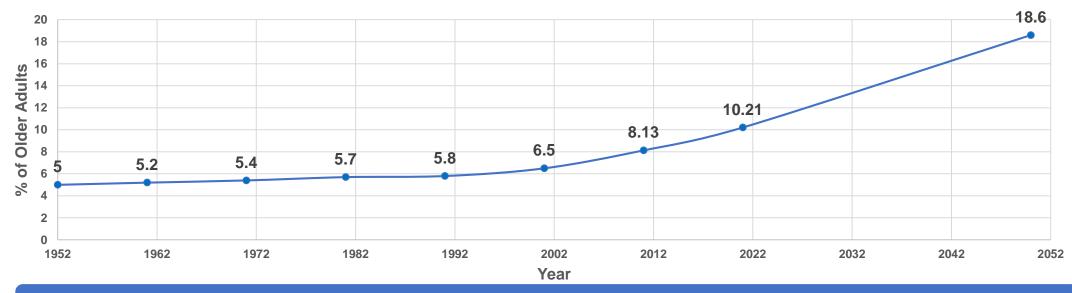
Increased risk of disease



Poor health status



High prevalence of frailty



Older Adults in Nepal (≥ 60 years)

Background

Limited geriatric healthcare services

• < 10 % of hospitals have dedicated geriatric care services (62 Government Hospital)

Scarcity of geriatric healthcare professionals

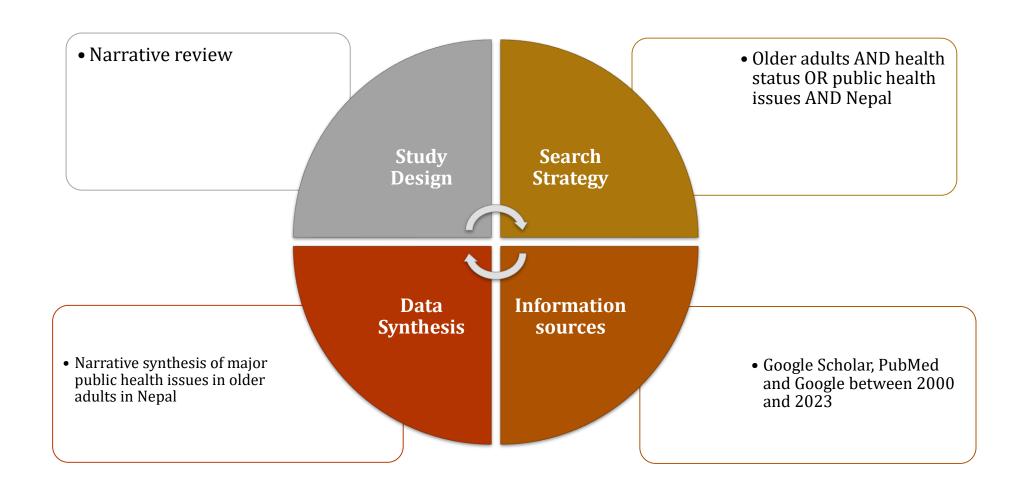
• 0.3 geriatrician per 100,000 older adults

Low geriatric care knowledge of general healthcare professionals

Aims:

 To identify major public health issues faced by older adults in Nepal

Methods



Results



High prevalence of age-related multimorbidity & complications

Prevalence of multimorbidity: 14% to 70%

Pooled prevalence of multimorbidity: 25%

(95% CI: 16.99 to 34.09)



Poor management of diseases

Controlled blood pressure: 4% to 15%

Controlled blood sugar level: 6%

Results...

Mental health issues Prevalence of depressive symptoms:

26% to 61% in the community

17% to 89% in aged-care facilities

53% to 57% in hospital settings

Prevalence of anxiety symptoms: 22% to 32%

Results

Quality of Life (QoL) issues

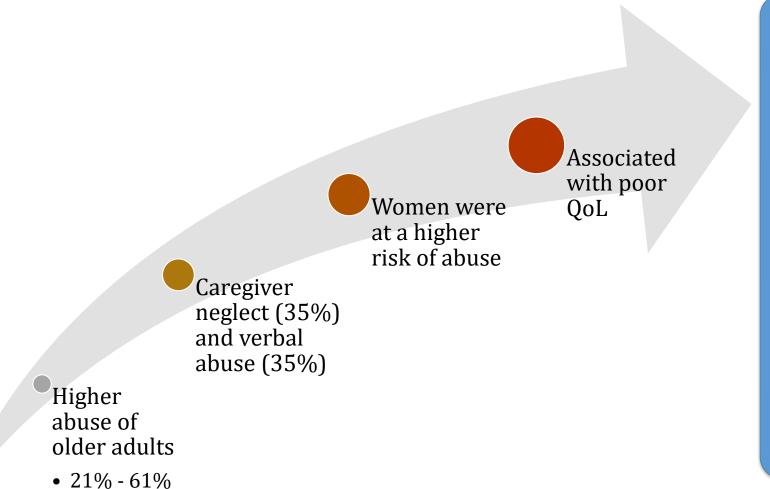
Looniness or neglect > 50% reported poor QoL

Nutritional issues

Low access to healthcare services

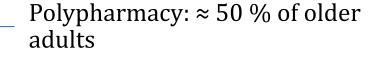
- Prevalence of malnutrition (age care homes) in older adults: 15.5%
- Older adults those at risk of malnutrition: 61%
- ≈60 % preferred hospitals as their first contact facility
- ≈70 % facing difficulty in seeking health care services
- ≈50% visited a healthcare facility within the last 6 months

Results



Oral health issues

• Calculus (38%), periodontal index and the loss of attachment of 4-5 mm (41%), and prosthetic need (83%)



Medicationrelated issues Potentially inappropriate medications: 14-53% of older adults

Poor medication management

• Hoard/stock drug (43%), use of expired medication (0.5%), multiple prescribers (52%), actual medication duplication (3%) and inappropriate storage (49%)

Incorrect use of medical devices

- Incorrect insulin injection technique
- Incorrect use of inhaler devices: 64-100% (at least one overall step of inhalers) and 9-100% (critical steps of inhalers)

Inadequate Aged care home and services

≈ 70 aged care homes registered

 \approx 1,500 older adults

Urban areas

Inadequate health services and skilled nursing services

Key Findings

Older adults faced significant public health challenges in aged care homes and in the community

High prevalence of age-related diseases and complication

Resident or medication safety issues

Public health issues

Mental health issues, nutrition issues

Low health literacy & geriatric healthcare services and utilization

Social isolation and loneliness

Key Recommendations

1

Strengthening healthcare systems for geriatric care 2

Strengthening coordination between different levels of government

3

Enhancing access to geriatric care

4

Promoting a community-based support system

THANK YOU